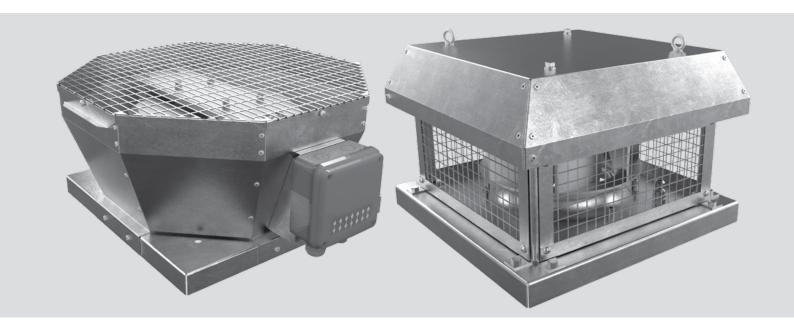
USER'S MANUAL

VKV VKH



Centrifugal roof fan





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This user's manual is a main operating document intended for technical, maintenance, and operating staff.

The manual contains information about purpose, technical details, operating principle, design, and installation of the VKV/VKH unit and all its modifications.

Technical and maintenance staff must have theoretical and practical training in the field of ventilation systems and should be able to work in accordance with workplace safety rules as well as construction norms and standards applicable in the territory of the country. The information in this user's manual is correct at the time of the document's preparation.

The Company reserves the right to modify the technical characteristics, design, or configuration of its products at any time in order to incorporate the latest technological developments.

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SAFETY REQUIREMENTS

- Please read the user's manual carefully prior to installing and operating the unit.
- All user's manual requirements as well as the provisions of all the applicable local and national construction, electrical, and technical norms and standards must be observed when installing and operating the unit.
- The warnings contained in the user's manual must be considered most seriously since they contain vital personal safety information.
- Failure to follow the rules and safety precautions noted in this user's manual may result in an injury or unit damage.
- After a careful reading of the manual, keep it for the entire service life of the unit.
- While transferring the unit control, the user's manual must be turned over to the receiving operator.

UNIT INSTALLATION AND OPERATION SAFETY PRECAUTIONS



 Disconnect the unit from power mains prior to any installation operations.



• Unpack the unit with care.



The unit must be grounded!



 While installing the unit, follow the safety regulations specific to the use of electric tools.



discretion.

Do not bend the nower cable

 Do not change the power cable length at your own

- Do not bend the power cable.Avoid damaging the power
- Do not put any foreign objects on the power cable.

cable.



 Do not lay the power cable of the unit in close proximity to heating equipment.



Do not use damaged equipment or cables when connecting the unit to power mains.



- Do not operate the unit outside the temperature range stated in the user's manual.
- Do not operate the unit in aggressive or explosive environments.





- Do not touch the unit controls with wet hands.
- Do not carry out the installation and maintenance operations with wet hands.



- Do not wash the unit with water.
- Protect the electric parts of the unit against ingress of water.



 Do not allow children to operate the unit.



 Disconnect the unit from power mains prior to any technical maintenance.



 Do not store any explosive or highly flammable substances in close proximity to the unit.



 When the unit generates unusual sounds, odour, or emits smoke, disconnect it from power supply and contact the Seller.



Do not open the unit during operation.



 Do not direct the air flow produced by the unit towards open flame or ignition sources.



Do not block the air duct when the unit is switched on.



 In case of continuous operation of the unit, periodically check the security of mounting.



 Do not sit on the unit and avoid placing foreign objects on it.



Use the unit only for its intended purpose.



THE PRODUCT MUST BE DISPOSED SEPARATELY AT THE END OF ITS SERVICE LIFE.

DO NOT DISPOSE THE UNIT AS UNSORTED DOMESTIC WASTE.



PURPOSE

 \bigwedge

THE UNIT SHOULD NOT BE OPERATED BY CHILDREN OR PERSONS WITH REDUCED PHYSICAL, MENTAL, OR SENSORY CAPACITIES, OR THOSE WITHOUT THE APPROPRIATE TRAINING.

THE UNIT MUST BE INSTALLED AND CONNECTED ONLY BY PROPERLY QUALIFIED PERSONNEL AFTER THE APPROPRIATE BRIEFING.

THE CHOICE OF UNIT INSTALLATION LOCATION MUST PREVENT UNAUTHORIZED ACCESS BY UNATTENDED CHILDREN.

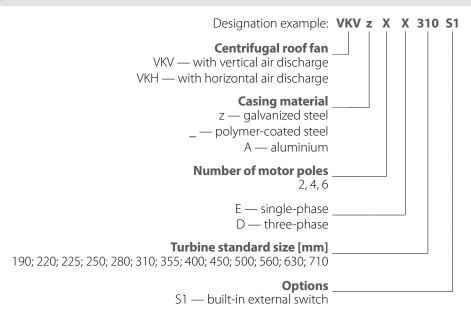
The VKV/VKH roof fans in metal casing are designed for ventilation systems in industrial premises as well as pools, apartment buildings, offices, hospitals, restaurants and other premises heated during the winter season.

The fan is mounted on the exhaust shaft of the air duct and is used only for exhaust ventilation.

DELIVERY SET

NAME	NUMBER
Fan	1 pc.
User's manual	1 pc.
Packing box	1 pc.

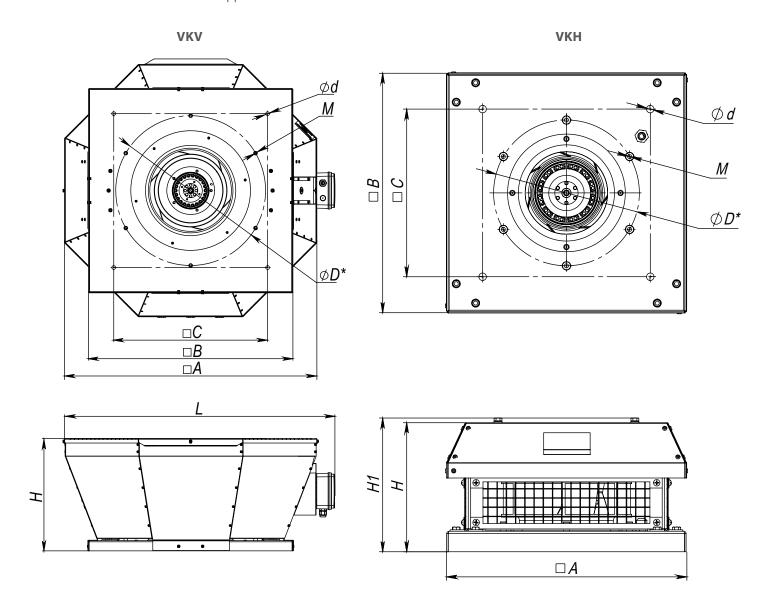
DESIGNATION KEY





TECHNICAL DATA

The unit is rated as a Class I electrical appliance.



 \emptyset D* – flange connection dimensions.



			Overall	and connecti	ing dimensior	ns [mm]			Weight
Model	H [mm]	A [mm]	B [mm]	C [mm]	D [mm]	d [mm] (4 holes)	M [mm] (6 places)	L [mm]	[kg]
VKV 2E 190	170	417	355	245	213	9	M6	480	7
VKV 2E 220	190	417	355	245	213	9	M6	480	7
VKV 2E 225	215	417	355	245	210	9	M6	480	7
VKV 4E 225	215	417	355	245	210	9	M6	480	7
VKV 2E 250	240	481	425	330	285	11	M6	540	9
VKV 4E 250	240	481	425	330	285	11	M6	540	9
VKV 4E 280	276	547	425	330	291	11	M6	600	13
VKV 2E 310	276	547	425	330	285	11	M6	600	13
VKV 4E 310	300	613	477	330	285	11	M6	670	20
VKV 4D 310	300	613	477	750	285	11	M6	670	19
VKV 4E 355	330	738	598	450	438	11	M8	790	26
VKV 4D 355	330	738	598	450	438	11	M8	790	26
VKV 4E 400	375	738	598	450	438	11	M8	790	33
VKV 6E 400	375	738	598	450	438	11	M8	790	31
VKV 4D 400	375	738	598	450	438	11	M8	790	33
VKV 4E 450	430	738	668	535	438	11	M8	790	41
VKV 6E 450	430	738	668	535	438	11	M8	790	41
VKV 4D 450	425	738	668	535	438	11	M8	790	41
VKV 6E 500	460	859	668	535	445	11	M8	910	52
VKV 4D 500	460	859	668	535	430	11	M8	910	52
VKV 6D 500	460	859	668	535	445	11	M8	910	52
VKV 6E 560	485	859	833	750	605	11	M8	910	63
VKV 4D 560	485	859	833	750	605	11	M8	910	63
VKV 6D 560	485	859	833	750	605	11	M8	910	63
VKV 6D 630	485	951	939	750	600	20	M8	1000	81
VKV 6D 710	485	992	939	840	674	20	M8	1040	114

			Overall	and connecti	ng dimensior	ns [mm]			Weight
Model	H [mm]	H1 [mm]	A [mm]	B [mm]	C [mm]	D [mm]	d [mm] (4 holes)	M [mm] (6 places)	[kg]
VKH 2E 190	189	195	351	350	245	213	11	M6	8.2
VKH 2E 220	180	186	337	338	245	213	11	M6	7
VKH 2E 225	210	217	351	350	245	210	11	M6	9.2
VKH 4E 225	233	240	351	350	245	210	11	M6	8.8
VKH 2E 250	237	244	451	450	330	285	11	M6	12.7
VKH 4E 250	237	244	451	450	330	285	11	M6	12.1
VKH 4E 280	265	272	451	450	330	291	11	M6	13.5
VKH 2E 310	251	258	451	450	330	291	11	M6	13.2
VKH 4E 310	287	294	451	450	330	285	11	M6	14.2
VKH 4D 310	287	294	451	450	330	285	11	M6	14.2
VKH 4E 355	322	361	625	620	450	438	11	M8	28.3
VKH 4D 355	347	386	625	620	450	438	11	M8	30.3
VKH 4E 400	376	415	625	620	450	438	11	M8	35
VKH 6E 400	376	415	625	620	450	438	11	M8	32.7
VKH 4D 400	376	415	625	620	450	438	11	M8	35
VKH 4E 450	420	459	710	700	535	438	11	M8	46.6
VKH 6E 450	420	459	710	700	535	438	11	M8	45.6
VKH 4D 450	420	459	710	700	535	438	11	M8	45.5
VKH 6E 500	461	501	445	700	535	438	11	M8	52.8
VKH 4D 500	490	530	430	700	535	438	11	M8	46.6
VKH 6D 500	461	501	445	700	535	438	11	M8	52.7
VKH 6E 560	489	528	900	895	750	605	11	M8	76.4
VKH 4D 560	489	528	900	895	750	605	11	M8	81.4
VKH 6D 560	489	528	900	895	750	605	11	M8	76.4
VKH 6D 630	520	560	1000	990	600	605	20	M8	96.3
VKH 6D 710	570	619	1060	1050	840	674	20	M8	134



		VKV/VKH 2E 190		VKV/VKH 2E 220		VKH 225	VKV/VKH 4E 225		∕VKH 250	VKV/VKH 4E 250	VKV/VKH 2E 280
Voltage [V]	1~ 2	230	1~ 2	230	1~ :	230	1~ 230	1~	230	1~ 230	1~ 230
Frequency [Hz]	50	60	50	60	50	60	50	50	60	50	50
Power [W]	69	89	108	118	123	169	49	184	232	48	238
Current [A]	0.30	0.40	0.49	0.54	0.54	0.70	0.22	0.81	0.90	0.23	1.04
Max. air flow [m³/h]	610	654	880	883	915	1010	738	1450	1320	820	1 760
RPM [min ⁻¹]	2680	2980	2580	2840	2790	2820	1400	2480	2320	1440	2330
Sound pressure level at 3 m distance [dBA]	48	49	50	51	51	52	45	54	53	46	57
Transported air temperature [°C]						-25	.+50				
SEC class*	C	-	С	-	С	-	С	-	_	-	-
Ingress protection rating						IP.	X4				

		VKV/VKH 4E 280		VKV/ 4E 3		VKV/VKH 4D 310		VKV/VKH 4E 355		VKV/VKH 4D 355	
Voltage [V]	1~ 2	230	1~ 230	1~ :	230	3~	400	1~	230	3~ -	400
Frequency [Hz]	50	60	50	50	60	50	60	50	60	50	60
Power [W]	125	155	324	141	195	155	202	219	304	264	330
Current [A]	0.61	0.99	1.42	0.64	0.87	0.29	0.32	0.96	1.33	0.58	0.64
Max. air flow [m³/h]	1490	1520	2150	2265	2425	2300	2442	2480	2976	3290	3540
RPM [min ⁻¹]	1446	1710	2620	1420	1740	1410	1550	1420	1580	1430	1650
Sound pressure level at 3 m distance [dBA]	46	46	58	47	49	47	48	51	52	52	53
Transported air temperature [°C]	-25+50			-30	.+60						
Ingress protection rating	IPX4										

	VKV/VKH 4E 400	VKV/VKH 6E 400		VKV/VKH 6E 400	VKV/VKH 4E 450	VKV/VKH 6E 450	VKV/VKH 4D 450	VKV/VKH 4D 500
Voltage [V]	1~ 230	1~	1~ 230		1~ 230	1~ 230	3~400	3~400
Frequency [Hz]	50	50	60	50	50	50	50	50
Power [W]	457	184	249	420	749	268	755	1527
Current [A]	2.00	0.89	1.10	0.99	3.35	1.25	1.50	2.64
Max. air flow [m ³ /h]	3950	2740	3289	3950	6180	4380	5920	8435
RPM [min ⁻¹]	1440	945	1071	1440	1400	940	1440	1460
Sound pressure level at 3 m distance [dBA]	55	47	49	55	58	50	57	62
Transported air temperature [°C]	-30+60 -30+50				.+50			
Ingress protection rating		IPX4						

		VKV/VKH 6E 500				√KH 500	VKV/VKH 4D 560	VKV/VKH 6E 560	VKV/VKH 6D 560	VKV/VKH 6D 630	VKV/VKH 6D 710
Voltage [V]	1~2	1~230		1~230 3~400		400	3~400	1~230	3~400	3~400	3~400
Frequency [Hz]	50	60	50	60	50	50	50	50	50		
Power [W]	407	673	440	599	1970	613	696	1110	2583		
Current [A]	1.81	3.05	1.23	1.32	3.36	2.70	1.44	2.42	4.87		
Max. air flow [m ³ /h]	5680	6532	6000	6122	13560	9560	9630	12640	17010		
RPM [min ⁻¹]	970	1120	978	1125	1400	930	970	957	945		
Sound pressure level at 3 m distance [dBA]	52	52 54		54	66	58	58	64	67		
Transported air temperature [°C]	-25+60					-25.	+50		-25+70		
Ingress protection rating						IPX4					



MOUNTING AND SET-UP

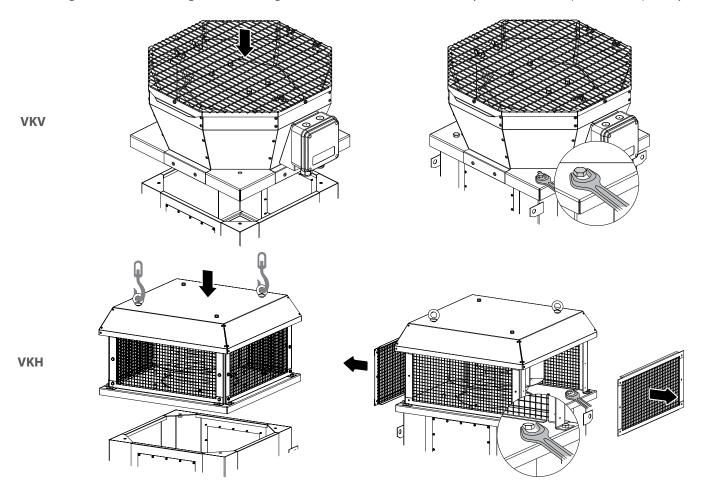


BEFORE MOUNTING MAKE SURE THE CASING DOES NOT CONTAIN ANY FOREIGN OBJECTS (E.G. FOIL, PAPER).



WHILE INSTALLING THE UNIT ENSURE CONVENIENT ACCESS FOR SUBSEQUENT MAINTENANCE AND REPAIR.

- Fans are designed for horizontal mounting on a flat roof directly above an air duct or a ventilation shaft.
- In order to avoid ingress of water and snow into the ventilation duct, it is possible to install a fan on the mounting frame.
- The fan is connected to the ventilation duct by means of a counter flange, which is attached directly to the fan base.
- The fan base has holes for fixing bolts that attach the fan to a stationary even surface or to a mounting frame.
- In the models VKV 2E 200, VKV 2E 225, VKV 4E 225, VKV 4E 310, VKV 4D 310, VKV/VKH 6E 500, VKV/VKH 4D 500, VKV/VKH 6D 500, VK
- A mounting frame, a counter flange and mounting bolts are not included in the delivery set and must be purchased separately.





CONNECTION TO POWER MAINS



DISCONNECT THE POWER SUPPLY PRIOR TO ANY OPERATIONS WITH THE UNIT.

CONNECTION OF THE UNIT TO POWER MAINS IS ALLOWED BY A QUALIFIED ELECTRICIAN WITH A WORK PERMIT FOR THE ELECTRIC UNITS UP TO 1000 V AFTER

CAREFUL READING OF THE PRESENT USER'S MANUAL. THE RATED ELECTRICAL PARAMETERS OF THE UNIT ARE GIVEN ON THE MANUFACTURER'S LABEL.

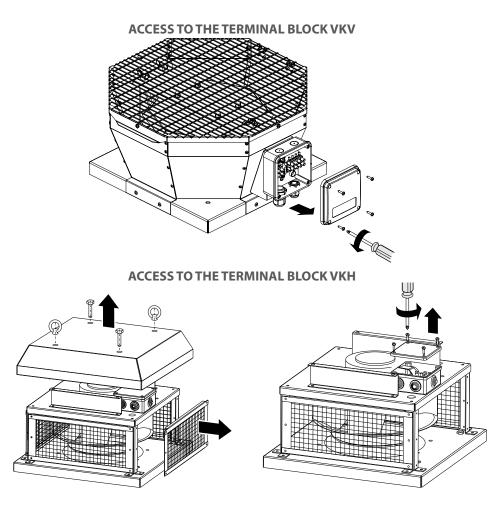


ANY TAMPERING WITH THE INTERNAL CONNECTIONS IS PROHIBITED AND WILL VOID THE WARRANTY.

- The unit is rated for connection to power mains with the parameters specified in the "Technical specifications" section, according to the wiring diagram.
- The connection must be made using insulated conductors (cables, wires). The actual wire cross section selection must be based on the maximum load current, maximum conductor temperature depending on the wire type, insulation, length and installation method.
- The unit should be connected to the fixed wiring system in compliance with current regulations.

Connection to power mains should be made inside the terminal box located on the fan casing, according to the wiring diagram and terminal designation. The terminal designations are shown on the label inside the terminal box. Fan electrical data is shown on the label on the fan casing.

Depending on modification, the fan motors can have no in-built thermal protection. This should be taken into account when choosing a motor starter or a contactor.





Power supply parameters and examples of wiring diagrams depending on the unit model

Wiring diagram 1: VKV/VKH 2E 190, VKV/VKH 2E 220, VKV/VKH 2E 225, VKV/VKH 4E 225, VKV/VKH 2E 250, VKV/VKH 4E 250, VKV/VKH 4E 250, VKV/VKH 4E 280, VKV/VKH 2E 310, VKV/VKH 4E 310, VKV/VKH 4E 355, VKV/VKH 4E 400, VKV/VKH 6E 400, VKV/VKH 4E 450, VKV/VKH 6E 450

Depending on modification, the fans can have thermal contacts. Then it is necessary to use the **wiring diagram 5** instead of the **wiring diagram 1**.

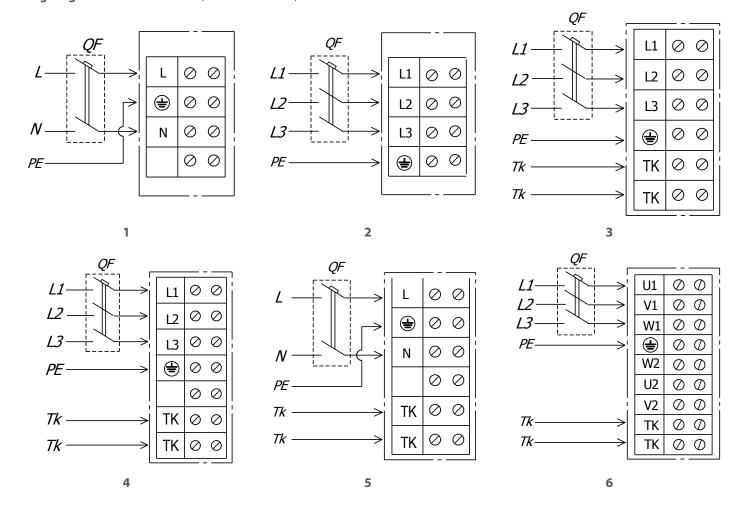
Wiring diagram 2: VKV/VKH 4D 355.

Wiring diagram 3: VKV/VKH 4D 310, VKV/VKH 4D 400, VKV/VKH 4D 450, VKV/VKH 4D 500, VKV/VKH 4D 560.

Wiring diagram 4: VKV/VKH 6D 710.

Wiring diagram 5: VKV/VKH 6E 500, VKV/VKH 6E 560.

Wiring diagram 6: VKV/VKH 6D 500, VKV/VKH 6D 560, VKV/VKH 6D 630.



WIRING DIAGRAM DESIGNATIONS:

L(x): phase; N: neutral; QF: automatic circuit breaker; PE: protective ground wire; TK: motor thermal protection contacts.

Model	Recommended rated current of the automatic circuit breaker [A]	Recommended cable, nxS, where n is the number of wires, and S is the cross section in mm ²
VKV/VKH 2E 190250 VKV/VKH 4E 310	1	3x0.5
VKV/VKH 2E 280 VKV/VKH 4E 355	1.6	3x0.5
VKV/VKH 4E 400450	4	3x1.0
VKV/VKH 6E 500560	2.5	3x1.0
VKV/VKH 4D 310450	1	5x0.5
VKV/VKH 6D 500710 EC	10	5x1.5



ASYNCHRONOUS ELECTRIC MOTOR STARTING METHODS

There are several methods for starting asynchronous squirrel-cage electric motors.

The most common methods are: direct-on-line (DOL), with a soft starter (SS) or with a frequency converter (FC).

Direct-on-line starting

In case of direct-on-line starting (i.e. by connecting the motor to the electric mains with a simple line contactor), the motor starting time significantly increases due to high inertia of the impeller, which, in turn, results in high in-rush starting currents in the circuit. These currents of long duration may cause voltage slumps (especially if the feed line section falls short of the requirements), which may affect load operation.

The in-rush current consumed by an electric motor in case of DOL starting is 5-8 times larger than the rated value (or even 10-14 times larger in some rare instances). It should be noted that the torque developed by the motor also significantly exceeds the rated value.

Upon energisation the motor operates as a transformer with a squirrel-cage secondary winding formed by the rotor cage with a very low resistance

The rotor develops high induced current causing a rush of current in the feed line.

The startup torque during starting averages 0.5-1.5 of the rated torque value.

Despite such advantages as simple construction, high startup current, quick start and low cost, direct-on-line systems are suitable only in the following cases:

- the motor power is low compared to the mains power which limits the adverse effect of the rush of current
- the driven mechanism does not require gradual speed build-up or is equipped with a damping device to smooth out the inrush
- the high startup torque has no adverse effects on the operation of the driven mechanism

Soft start. SS starting.

A soft starter gradually increases the voltage supplied to the motor – from the initial to the rated value.

This starting system can be used to meet the following goals:

- limit the motor current
- regulate the torque

Regulation by limiting the current sets the maximum in-rush current equal to 300-400 % (or 250 % in some rare instances) of the rated current and reduces torque characteristics. This type of regulation is especially suited for turbomachinery such as centrifugal pumps and fans.

Regulation by variation of torque optimizes the torque during startup and reduces in-rush current in the circuit. These conditions are suitable for mechanisms with constant load resistance.

This type of soft starting may differ in the implementation pattern:

- motor start
- motor start and stop
- device bridging at the end of start sequence
- · start and stop of several motors in stage circuits

Soft start. FC starting.

During the starting the FC raises the frequency from 0 Hz to the electrical mains frequency (50 or 60 Hz). As the frequency is increased gradually, the motor can be assumed to operate at its rated speed for a given frequency value. Furthermore, on the assumption that the motor runs at its rated speed the nominal torque should be immediately available whereas the current will be approximately equal to the rated value.

This starting system is used for speed control and regulation and can be used in the following cases:

- · start with high-inertia load
- start with high load and limited-capacity power supply source
- optimization of electric power consumption depending on turbomachinery speed

The aforementioned starting system can be used for all types of mechanisms.



MAKE SURE THAT THE FAN IMPELLER ROTATES IN THE DIRECTION MARKED BY THE ARROW ON THE FAN CASING.

IF NECESSARY, CHANGE THE IMPELLER ROTATION DIRECTION BY ALTERING THE PHASE SEQUENCE ON THE ELECTRIC MOTOR TERMINALS.



Problems associated with DOL starting

The problems caused by DOL starting may be divided into two groups:

- 1. An abrupt start causes mechanical shock, jolts in the mechanism, shock removal of free play etc.
- 2. A heavy start cannot be completed.

Let us review three variations of a heavy start:

1. The feed line performance is barely sufficient or insufficient to maintain the induced current,

Typical symptoms: Upon starting the circuit breakers at the system input are tripped; the lights, certain relays and contactors go off, and the supply generator shuts down.

Solution: In the best-case scenario an SS device may help reduce the in-rush current to 250 % of the motor rated current. If this is insufficient, an FC is necessary.

2. The motor cannot start the mechanism with DOL starting.

Typical symptoms: The motor fails to turn or "freezes" at certain speed which is maintained until actuation of the protection suite. **Solution:** This problem may not be solved with an SS device. The motor develops insufficient shaft torque. However, this problem can be addressed by using an FC, but each case may be different.

3. The motor spins up the mechanism with authority, but fails to reach the rated rotation speed.

Typical symptoms: The input automatic circuit breaker is tripped during spin-up. This often happens with heavy-weight fans with a considerable rotation speed.

Solution: Such problems may be addressed with an SS device, but not with 100 % certainty. The closer the motor speed to the rated value during the actuation of the protective equipment, the higher the chances of success. The use of an FC in this case helps solve the problem fundamentally.

Standard switching equipment (automatic circuit breakers, contactors and motor starters) is not designed to withstand prolonged overloads normally causing the fan to shut down automatically DOL starting that continues for a long period of time.

Using switching equipment with a higher maximum current rating renders the electric motor protection system less sensitive. As a result the switching equipment will not be able to detect motor overload in time due to a high current sensing threshold. Such problems as mentioned above can only be addressed by utilizing a soft starter or a frequency converter to start the fan.

COMMISSIONING



THE ORGANISATION RESPONSIBLE FOR THE COMMISSIONING SHALL BE RESPONSIBLE FOR PROPER MOTOR PHASING AND STARTING PATTERN SELECTION.



DURING STARTING THE IN-RUSH CURRENTS OF THE FAN MAY SEVERAL TIMES EXCEED THE RATED VALUES.

SEE "ASYNCHRONOUS ELECTRIC MOTOR STARTING METHODS" IN THE "CONNECTION TO POWER MAINS" SECTION

- After fan starting make sure that the motor rotates properly without undue vibration and abnormal noise.
- Make sure that the fan impeller rotates in the direction marked by the arrow on the fan casing. If necessary, change the impeller rotation direction by changing the phase sequence on the electric motor terminals.
- Make sure that the fan energy consumption complies with the value given on the equipment nameplate and check the motor for overheating.
- The phase current should be checked once the fan reaches the rated operating conditions.
- Do not switch the fan on and off several times without pauses as this may result in damage to the winding or insulation due to overheating.



TECHNICAL MAINTENANCE



DISCONNECT THE UNIT FROM POWER SUPPLY BEFORE ANY MAINTENANCE OPERATIONS!



PRIOR TO COMMENCING ANY TECHNICAL MAINTENANCE PUT UP A PROHIBITORY SIGN ON THE FAN STARTING PANEL:

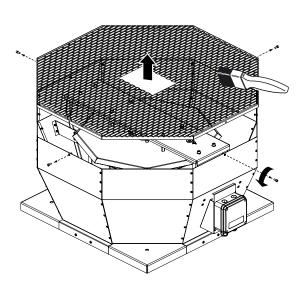
"DO NOT SWITCH ON! MEN AT WORK!"

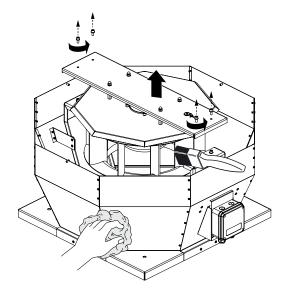


AVOID LIQUID SPILLS ON THE MOTOR! DO NOT USE AGGRESSIVE SOLVENTS AND SHARP OBJECTS FOR CLEANING!

- The technical maintenance includes periodic cleaning of the surfaces from accumulated dust and dirt.
- When carrying out fan maintenance, it is necessary to partially disassemble it in order to access contaminated parts of the fan.
- The impeller blades require thorough cleaning once in 6 months.
- Use a soft dry cloth, brush or compressed air to remove dust.
- Carry out wet cleaning using warm water and a mild household detergent.
- Protect the electric motor against liquid ingress.
- Do not immerse the unit in water!
- Do not use aggressive solvents, or sharp objects as they may damage the impeller.



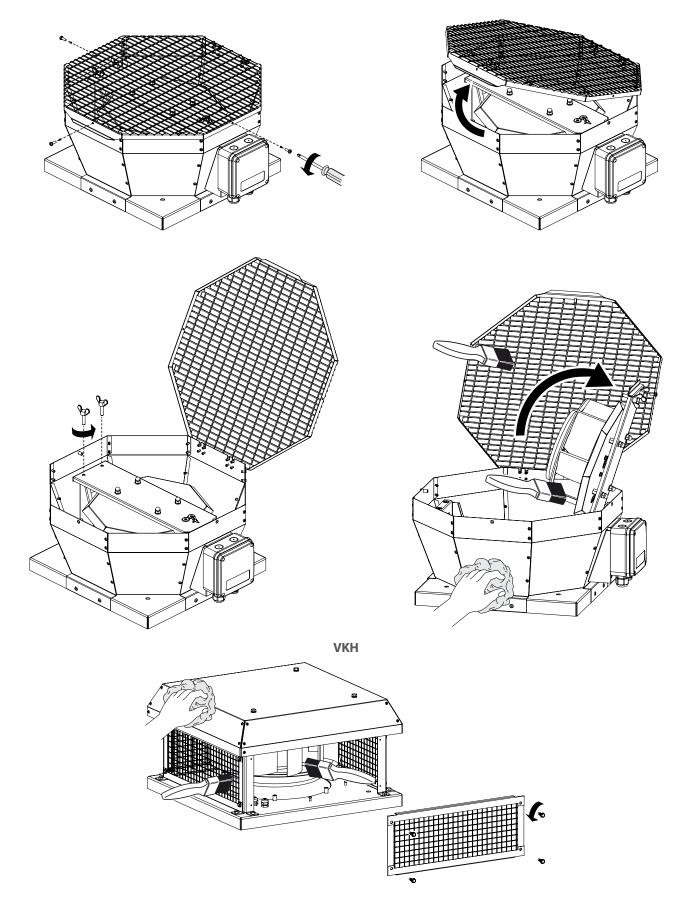






VKV 2E 190, VKV 2E 220, VKV 2E 225, VKV 4E 225, VKV 2E 250, VKV 4E 250, VKV 4E 280, VKV 2E 310, VKV 4E 310, VKV 4D 310, VKV 4E 355, VKV 4D 355

with a hinged cover and a motor





POSSIBLE MALFUNCTIONS AND THEIR ELIMINATION

Problem	Possible reasons	Elimination
The fan will not start.	No power supply.	Check the mains switch. Check the electrical connections against the wiring diagram.
	Jammed motor.	Carefully check the fan impeller for possible seizure and eliminate it, if necessary. If the impeller is in order, replace the electric motor.
The switching equipment activates upon fan start-up.	Short circuit in the fan or the electric circuit between the fan and the switching equipment.	Eliminate the cause of a short circuit.
	Excessive current consumption due to an overload in the electric mains.	Eliminate the cause of excessive current consumption.
	Improper fan starting method.	Use a soft starter or frequency converter to start the motor (see "Asynchronous Electric Motor Starting Methods" in the "Connection to power mains" section).
	Improper switching equipment.	Re-select the switching equipment in accordance with the current regulations and equipment specifications.
	The installed switching equipment is of poor quality or its actual performance falls short of the rated values stated by the manufacturer.	Re-select the switching equipment by choosing a unit which successfully passed commutation and load tests and has a technical compliance certificate. The selection should be limited to the top five foreign switching equipment manufacturers.
The fan fails to reach the	Fan motor overloaded.	Eliminate the overload.
required rotation speed due to serious overheating of the fan motor.	Improper fan starting method.	Use a soft starter or frequency converter to start the motor (see "Asynchronous Electric Motor Starting Methods" in the "Connection to power mains" section).
The fan motor runs at overload capacity with current consumption in excess of the	The fan supplies more air than expected upon motor capacity selection.	Measure network resistance. Throttle down the network (add aerodynamic resistance to the air duct network).
rated value.	Wrong motor phasing. The impeller rotates in the opposite direction of the arrow on the fan casing.	If necessary, change the impeller rotation direction by changing the phase sequence on the electric motor terminals.
	Air ducts clogged.	Clean the air duct or the impeller.
The fan supplies more air than expected.	The resistance values used during the ventilation network calculations are too conservative.	Check the air ducts for proper shape and cross section as well as for any dampers present.
	The cross section of air ducts increased and their number reduced during the installation.	Throttle down the network (add aerodynamic resistance to the air duct network).
	Wrong choice of the fan.	Replace the fan with a unit of proper standard size.



DISCONNECT THE UNIT FROM POWER SUPPLY BEFORE ANY MAINTENANCE OPERATIONS!



The fan supplies less air than expected.	Wrong calculation of the ventilation network and wrong selection of the fan.	Re-calculate the network parameters and select a matching fan.
	The network resistance exceeds the design calculations.	Re-arrange the ventilation network to decrease its aerodynamic resistance.
	Wrong direction of the impeller rotation.	If necessary, change the impeller rotation direction by changing the phase sequence on the electric motor terminals (see the "Commissioning" section).
	Air leak through a loose air duct connection.	Eliminate the air leak. Seal the air duct connection.
	Impeller or air duct contamination with foreign objects or debris.	Clean the impeller or the air ducts from foreign objects or debris.
Excessive noise or vibration both inside the fan and in the circuit.	Loose screw connections.	Check the screw connections for proper tightness.
	No flexible joints between the fan and the ventilation network on the suction and discharge sides.	Install flexible joints.
	Loose connection of valves and dampers to the air ducts.	Tighten up the fasteners of valves and dampers.
	Impeller or air duct contamination with foreign objects or debris.	Clean the impeller or the air ducts from foreign objects or debris.
	Worn bearings.	Replace the bearings.
	Unstable power supply, unstable motor operation.	Check the stability of power supply parameters and electric motor operation.



PRIOR TO COMMENCING ANY TECHNICAL MAINTENANCE PUT UP A PROHIBITORY SIGN ON THE FAN STARTING PANEL: "DO NOT SWITCH ON! MEN AT WORK!"



AVOID LIQUID SPILLS ON THE MOTOR! DO NOT USE AGGRESSIVE SOLVENTS AND SHARP OBJECTS FOR CLEANING!

STORAGE AND TRANSPORTATION REGULATIONS

- Store the unit in the manufacturer's original packaging box in a dry closed ventilated premise with temperature range from +5 °C to +40 °C and relative humidity up to 70 %.
- Storage environment must not contain aggressive vapors and chemical mixtures provoking corrosion, insulation, and sealing deformation.
- Use suitable hoist machinery for handling and storage operations to prevent possible damage to the unit.
- Follow the handling requirements applicable for the particular type of cargo.
- The unit can be carried in the original packaging by any mode of transport provided proper protection against precipitation and mechanical damage. The unit must be transported only in the working position.
- Avoid sharp blows, scratches, or rough handling during loading and unloading.
- Prior to the initial power-up after transportation at low temperatures, allow the unit to warm up at operating temperature for at least 3-4 hours.



MANUFACTURER'S WARRANTY

The product is in compliance with EU norms and standards on low voltage guidelines and electromagnetic compatibility. We hereby declare that the product complies with the provisions of Electromagnetic Compatibility (EMC) Directive 2014/30/EU of the European Parliament and of the Council, Low Voltage Directive (LVD) 2014/35/EU of the European Parliament and of the Council and CE-marking Council Directive 93/68/EEC. This certificate is issued following test carried out on samples of the product referred to above.

The manufacturer hereby warrants normal operation of the unit for 24 months after the retail sale date provided the user's observance of the transportation, storage, installation, and operation regulations. Should any malfunctions occur in the course of the unit operation through the Manufacturer's fault during the guaranteed period of operation, the user is entitled to get all the faults eliminated by the manufacturer by means of warranty repair at the factory free of charge. The warranty repair includes work specific to elimination of faults in the unit operation to ensure its intended use by the user within the guaranteed period of operation. The faults are eliminated by means of replacement or repair of the unit components or a specific part of such unit component.

The warranty repair does not include:

- · routine technical maintenance
- · unit installation/dismantling
- unit setup

To benefit from warranty repair, the user must provide the unit, the user's manual with the purchase date stamp, and the payment paperwork certifying the purchase. The unit model must comply with the one stated in the user's manual. Contact the Seller for warranty service.

The manufacturer's warranty does not apply to the following cases:

- User's failure to submit the unit with the entire delivery package as stated in the user's manual including submission with missing component parts previously dismounted by the user.
- Mismatch of the unit model and the brand name with the information stated on the unit packaging and in the user's manual.
- User's failure to ensure timely technical maintenance of the unit.
- External damage to the unit casing (excluding external modifications as required for installation) and internal components caused by the user.
- Redesign or engineering changes to the unit.
- Replacement and use of any assemblies, parts and components not approved by the manufacturer.
- Unit misuse.
- · Violation of the unit installation regulations by the user.
- Violation of the unit control regulations by the user.
- Unit connection to power mains with a voltage different from the one stated in the user's manual.
- Unit breakdown due to voltage surges in power mains.
- Discretionary repair of the unit by the user.
- Unit repair by any persons without the manufacturer's authorization.
- Expiration of the unit warranty period.
- Violation of the unit transportation regulations by the user.
- Violation of the unit storage regulations by the user.
- Wrongful actions against the unit committed by third parties.
- Unit breakdown due to circumstances of insuperable force (fire, flood, earthquake, war, hostilities of any kind, blockades).
- Missing seals if provided by the user's manual.
- Failure to submit the user's manual with the unit purchase date stamp.
- Missing payment paperwork certifying the unit purchase.



FOLLOWING THE REGULATIONS STIPULATED HEREIN WILL ENSURE A LONG AND TROUBLE-FREE OPERATION OF THE UNIT.



USER'S WARRANTY CLAIMS SHALL BE SUBJECT TO REVIEW ONLY UPON PRESENTATION OF THE UNIT, THE PAYMENT DOCUMENT AND THE USER'S MANUAL WITH THE PURCHASE DATE STAMP.



CERTIFICATE OF ACCEPTANCE

Unit Type	Centrifugal roof fan
Model	VK
Serial Number	
Manufacture Date	
Quality Inspector's Stamp	

SELLER INFORMATION

Seller		ger and the second
Address		
Phone Number		
E-mail		
Purchase Date		
This is to certify acceptance acknowledged and accepted.	of the complete unit delivery with the user's manual. The warranty terms are	A Z
Customer's Signature		Seller's Stamp

INSTALLATION CERTIFICATE

The VK		unit is installed pursuant to the requirement	5
stated in the present user's I	manual.	·	
Company name			17
Address]
Phone Number			
Installation			7 \ /
Technician's Full Name			
Installation Date:		Signature:	The second secon
The unit has been installed in a electrical and technical codes a	, Installation Stamp		
Signature:			

WARRANTY CARD

Unit Type	Centrifugal roof fan
Model	VK
Serial Number	
Manufacture Date	
Purchase Date	
Warranty Period	
Seller	

